# STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 FOR

HEXAWARE TECHNOLOGIES UK LIMITED

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# <u>COMPANY INFORMATION</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021</u>

**DIRECTORS:** A Singh

S Ramakarthikeyan

**SECRETARY:** R Visvanathan

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** C/O Butler & Co. LLP

3rd Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London W1U 6UE

BUSINESS ADDRESS: Level 19, 40 Bank Street

Canary Wharf London E14 5NR

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 03647007 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Butler & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Third Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London W1U 6UE

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Revenue for the year amounted to £101,338,585 an increase of 34% from 2020 [2020:  $\pm$ 27.09%], and the profit after tax on ordinary activities for the year amounted to £2,898,409. [2020: £2,322,892].

The company office is at Canary Wharf, London, UK. It has branches in Hungary, Latvia, Estonia, Poland and Denmark to serve its local customers.

The directors were satisfied with the performance of the company. The company's aggressive sales strategies have helped increase the revenues during the year. The company continued focus on offshore model of delivery and provides solution based delivery to its clients. The Revenue growth was achieved from volume and new customer acquisitions, adopting corporate's Go to market business strategy of Automate everything, Cloudify everything and Transform Customer experience".

#### Key Performance Indicators

			Net profits		
Year ended	Turnover	<b>EBITDA</b>	after tax	Net Cashflow	Net assets
	£	£	£	£	£
2021	101,338,585	3,868,289	2,898,409	(17,644,779)	10,202,391
2020	75,594,369	2,933,338	2,322,892	22,024,259	7,303,982
2019	59,478,785	818,576	421,354	(4,028,632)	4,981,090
2018	46,623,690	(964,208)	(1,305,868)	1,657,208	4,559,736
2017	35,907,651	1,253,111	971,998	(142,703)	5,865,604

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT AND STATEMENTS ON ENGAGEMENT WITH EMPLOYEES SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHERS

We report here on how the Company's directors have performed their duty under Section 172 (S.172) of the Companies Act 2006. S.172 sets out a series of matters to which the directors' must have regard in performing their duty to promote the success of the Company for the benefits of its shareholders while also having due regard to other stakeholders.

Stakeholder	Why are they important to us	Our approach
Customers	They are the reasons why we exist. Understanding their needs is key to our long term success	The management receives regular information on customer requirements and customer feed-back and monitors these metrics
Our people	Our staff are the key to providing a cost effective and efficient service to customers	There is employee engagement through staff reviews, employee forums, project meetings and rewards structures.
Suppliers	Strong and reliable supplier relationships are vital to enable us to provide an efficient service to customers	Regular assessments of protocols in procurement and out-sourcing are done. There is adherence to anti-slavery Policy.
Communities	Our customers and staff are part of the UK and global community we operate in. A reputation of being ethical, diverse and eco- friendly is vital to our success.	The management encourages the use of eco-friendly work policies. The board regularly monitors company policies for matters like diversity and ethical behaviour.
Regulators	We are not subject to specific protocols in terms of a defined Regulator. However, compliance in all statutory matters is a culture that provides good governance.	The management reviews regular updates on all compliance issues and time limits
Shareholders	We are part of a group that is ultimately controlled by PE firm shareholders.	The management provides regular updates to the Group Board on all matters that impact this company.
Long term sustainability	The long-term sustainability of the Company is at the forefront of decision-making, particularly in response to the challenging business conditions and, since the year end, the Coronavirus pandemic.	The management aims to balance the need of the employees, the customers and other stakeholders to ensure good and healthy relationship. The management aims to make sufficient Profit to sustain the entity's commercial vitality.

This report was approved by the Board of directors and signed on its behalf by:

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

A Singh - Director

Houndle

Date: 2nd February 2022

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of Software development and IT consultancy services.

#### DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report.

A Singh

S Ramakarthikeyan

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company's financial instruments comprise cash and liquid resources, balances with group undertakings and various items such as trade debtors, trade creditors etc, that arise directly from its operations. The company's activities expose it to various risks like foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the unpredictability of financial markets on the company's financial performance.

#### Foreign currency risk

The company's transactions are predominantly in Pound Sterling and incurs foreign currency risk on transactions that are denominated in currency other than Pound Sterling, such as Euro and United States Dollars. The company does not hedge any currency exposures.

#### Interest rate risk

The company finances its operations through retained profits. The company has no significant exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates.

#### Liquidity risk

The company has no overdraft facilities or requirement, and manages its liquidity risk mainly through funds generated from operations.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The major classes of financial assets of the company are bank deposits, trade receivables and amounts owed by group companies. The company manages its credit risk thorough credit checks, and rigorous debt collection procedures.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Butler & Co LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

A Singh - Director

Date: 2nd February 2022

### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEXAWARE TECHNOLOGIES UK LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hexaware Technologies UK Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### The impact of uncertainties due to the COVID19 pandemic on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of COVID-19 are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, and related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

COVID-19 is one of the most significant public health, social and economic event and at the date of this report its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for the company and this is particularly the case in relation to COVID19.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEXAWARE TECHNOLOGIES UK LIMITED

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEXAWARE TECHNOLOGIES UK LIMITED

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiries of management, concerning the company's policies and procedures relating to:
- \* Identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance
- \* Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Discussions among the engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

- -Performed analytical procedures to identify unusual relationships.
- -Reviewed the trends in Key Performance Indicators.
- -Tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions.
- -Evaluated accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates made.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in.

As a result of performing the above, we did not identify any key audit matters related to the potential risk of fraud or non-compliance.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

S Phadke (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Butler & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor

Third Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London

W1U 6UE

Date: 2nd February 2022

# INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
TURNOVER	3	101,338,585	75,594,369
Cost of sales		_85,403,598	62,242,504
GROSS PROFIT		15,934,987	13,351,865
Administrative expenses		12,374,124	10,507,947
OPERATING PROFIT	5	3,560,863	2,843,918
Interest receivable and similar incom-	e	193,226	2,474
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		3,754,089	2,846,392
Tax on profit	6	855,680	523,500
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL Y	YEAR	2,898,409	2,322,892

#### OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		2,898,409	2,322,892
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		2,898,409	2,322,892

#### HEXAWARE TECHNOLOGIES UK LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03647007)

# BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2021

		20.	21	20	20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_		MARCON AND CONT. OF		
Tangible assets	7		325,506		143,814
Investments	8		68,184		68,184
			393,690		211 000
			393,690		211,998
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	9	40,112,691		19,460,121	
Cash at bank		4,633,644		22,278,423	
CDEDITIONS		44,746,335		41,738,544	
CREDITORS	10	24.027.624		24 646 560	
Amounts falling due within one year	10	34,937,634		34,646,560	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			9,808,701		7,091,984
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			10,202,391		7,303,982
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		2,167,000		2,167,000
Retained earnings	13		8,035,391		5,136,982
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			10,202,391		7,303,982

A Singh - Director

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2020	2,167,000	2,814,090	4,981,090
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income  Balance at 31 December 2020	2,167,000	2,322,892 5,136,982	2,322,892 7,303,982
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		2,898,409	2,898,409
Balance at 31 December 2021	2,167,000	8,035,391	10,202,391

#### <u>CASH FLOW STATEMENT</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021</u>

	Notes	2021 £	2020
Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	£	£
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	1	(16,518,840) (1,023,273)	22,530,598 (362,145)
Net cash from operating activities		(17,542,113)	22,168,453
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(295,892)	(97,998)
Purchase of fixed asset investments Interest received		102 226	(48,670)
interest received		<u>193,226</u>	2,474
Net cash from investing activities		(102,666)	(144,194)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		(17,644,779)	22,024,259
year	2	22,278,423	254,164
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	4,633,644	22,278,423

# NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

OI EIGHTONG		
	2021	2020
	${\mathfrak L}$	£
Profit before taxation	3,754,089	2,846,392
Depreciation charges	114,200	86,946
Finance income	(193,226)	(2,474)
	3,675,063	2,930,864
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(20,652,570)	3,641,987
Increase in trade and other creditors	458,667	15,957,747
Cash generated from operations	(16,518,840)	22,530,598

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2021	Year	ended	31	December	2021
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Cash and cash equivalents	31/12/21 £ 4,633,644	1/1/21 £ 22,278,423
Year ended 31 December 2020		
	31/12/20	1/1/20
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	22,278,423	254,164

#### 3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1/1/21 £	Cash flow £	At 31/12/21 £
<b>Net cash</b> Cash at bank	_22,278,423	(17,644,779)	4,633,644
	22,278,423	(17,644,779)	4,633,644
Total	22,278,423	(17,644,779)	4,633,644

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hexaware Technologies UK Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared on a consistent basis in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom, and in compliance with the Companies Act 2006. A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

#### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Hexaware Technologies UK Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Hexaware Technologies Limited, Building NO 152, Sector -III, Millenium Business Park, A Block, TTC Industrial Area, Mahape, Navi Mumbai - 400710, India...

#### Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amounts of services provided and it is stated net of Value Added Tax.

Revenue for software services is recognised on the basis of services rendered. In case of time and material contracts, invoices are raised on the basis of customer approved timesheets. In case of fixed price projects, invoices are raised for prescribed milestones achieved on the basis of acceptance / sign-off received from customer. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognised on percentage completion method until an invoice is raised to the customer.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Short leasehold - over the lease term
Plant and machinery - 20% on cost
Fixtures and fittings - 12.5% on cost
Computer equipment - 33.33% on cost

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Going concern

The directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Directors consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

Since the financial year end, there are uncertainties relating to COVID19 pandemic which may impact on recoverability of the investments and debtors. No provisions have been made in the financial statements.

#### Research and development expenditure credit

Research and Development Expenditure Credits received are recognised in the year of receipt as a reduction of respective costs. The amounts recognised are the pre-tax gross amounts with a related corporation tax charge recognised in the tax on profits.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

		2021	2020
		£	£
	Banking and Financial Services	28,448,748	8,526,495
	Global Travel & Transportation Healthcare & Insurance	10,843,084	12,751,084
	Manufacturing & Others	52,837,023 5,828,456	40,234,873
	Professional services	3,381,274	11,485,989 2,595,928
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	3,301,274	2,373,726
		101,338,585	75,594,369
	An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	United Kingdom	77,661,338	50,353,570
	Europe	22,178,806	23,043,633
	United States of America	1,182,503	1,541,445
	Asia	315,938	655,721
		101,338,585	75,594,369
4	EMBLOWEEG AND DIDECTORS		
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2021	2020
		£ 2021	£
	Wages and salaries	25,039,431	17,188,755
	Social security costs	2,587,087	1,781,330
	Other pension costs	374,401	257,096
		28,000,919	19,227,181
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2021	2020
	Office Management	43	36
	Software consultants	241	196
		•	
		<u> 284</u>	<u>232</u>
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	532,292	717,966

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Emoluments etc	532 292	717 966

#### 5. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	114,201	86,945
Auditors' remuneration	23,000	21,000
Audit-related assurance services	14,350	13,200
Taxation compliance services	2,200	1,080
Other non- audit services	33,150	14,443
Foreign exchange differences	828,142	297,300

Research and Development Expenditure Credits of £621,070 were received in the year in respect of year ended 2019 & year ended 2018 and were credited to related expenditure in the year.

#### 6. TAXATION

#### Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Current tax: UK corporation tax	855,680	523,500
Tax on profit	855,680	523,500

#### Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2021 £ 3,754,089	2020 £ 2,846,392
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	713,277	540,814
Effects of: Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(82,135)	(2,590)
Expenses disallowed for tax purposes	11,430	10,443
Other adjustments	213,108	(25,167)
Total tax charge	855,680	523,500

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Fixtures		
	Short	Plant and	and	Computer	
	leasehold	machinery	fittings	equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£
COST					
At 1 January 2021	76,900	19,779	24,838	404,104	525,621
Additions		4,429	_	291,463	295,892
Disposals	-	(8,701)	(8,778)	(97,243)	<u>(114,722</u> )
At 31 December 2021	76,900	15,507	16,060	598,324	706,791
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 January 2021	76,900	13,419	21,072	270,416	381,807
Charge for year		2,371	1,046	110,784	114,201
Eliminated on disposal	-	(8,701)	(8,779)	(97,243)	(114,723)
At 31 December 2021	76,900	7,089	_13,339	283,957	381,285
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 December 2021	_	8,418	2,721	314,367	325,506
At 31 December 2020	_	6,360	3,766	133,688	143,814

#### 8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	68,184
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2021	68,184
At 31 December 2020	68,184

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

#### Hexaware Technologies Romania SRL

Registered office: Hexaware Technologies Romania SRL Str.Grigore Cobalcescu, nr.46, et.2, Sector 1, Bucharest, Romania

Nature of business: Software development and IT consultancy services

Class of shares: holding
Ordinary 90.00

2021

Aggregate capital and reserves (1,389,215) (1,423,076) Loss for the year (26,681) (199,997)

2020

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

#### Hexaware Technologies South Africa Pty Ltd

Registered office: 13th Floor, Pier Place PO Box 3311 31 Heerengrach Street, Cape Town 8000, SA

Nature of business: Software development and IT consultancy services

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

 Aggregate capital and reserves
  $\frac{2021}{£}$   $\frac{2020}{£}$  

 Profit for the year
  $\frac{31,871}{41,623}$   $\frac{129,351}{79,041}$ 

#### **Hexaware Technologies ARG SAS**

Registered office: Avda. L.N.Alem 693 3ro. y 5to.piso C1001AAB Buenos Aires Argentina

Nature of business: Software development and IT consultancy services

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

The company was incorporated during the year. No share capital had yet been allocated.

#### 9. **DEBTORS**

Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	17,070,981	13,565,540
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,475,348	1,082,978
Other debtors	14,286	14,358
Accrued income	7,018,444	3,943,833
Prepayments	858,632	678,412
	26,437,691	19,285,121
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	13,500,000 175,000	175,000
	13,675,000	175,000
Aggregate amounts	40,112,691	19,460,121

<sup>(</sup>i) Inter-company loan of £13.5m was made to Hexaware Technologies Inc which carries an interest of 2%pa and repayable on demand. An interest charge of £192,500 had been accrued for the year.

<sup>(</sup>ii) The other debtors relates to a bank guarantee [see note 17].

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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10 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN O	WH. Y	H.A.K

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS PALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAM		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	212,038	319,621
Amounts owed to group undertakings	13,713,731	21,214,395
Tax	299,626	467,219
Social security and other taxes	1,087,009	502,657
VAT	2,637,564	2,137,134
Other creditors	5,696,237	3,541,278
Deferred income	3,318,979	1,951,749
Accrued expenses	7,972,450	4,512,507
	34,937,634	34,646,560

#### 11. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Within one year Between one and five years	297,547 439,934	253,177 654,040
	737.481	907.217

#### 12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	d and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2021	2020
		value:	£	£
2,167,000	Ordinary	£1	2,167,000	2,167,000

#### 13. RESERVES

	Retained earnings £
At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year	5,136,982 2,898,409
At 31 December 2021	8,035,391

#### 14. PENSION COMMITMENTS

At the year end the amount payable towards pension is £97,516 (2020: £54,222).

#### 15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Carlyle Group (incorporated in Mauritius) is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

The parent Company is Hexaware Technologies Limited, India.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", not to disclose related party transactions with other group undertakings in these financial statements.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hexaware Technologies Limited, a company incorporated in India and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained from: Hexaware Technologies Ltd, Building NO 152, Sector -III, Millenium Business Park, A Block, TTC Industrial Area, Mahape, Navi Mumbai - 400710, India.

#### 17. BANK GUARANTEE

The company's bankers, Royal Bank of Scotland Plc, have given a guarantee to a third party of £175,000 (2020: £175,000 and has a lien on a deposit with the bank of a similar amount.

#### TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	202	21	202	20
	£	£	£	£
Sales		101 220 505		77. 504.060
Sales		101,338,585		75,594,369
Cost of sales				
Purchases	64,353,085		47,194,684	
Wages	18,141,374		10,758,171	
Social security	1,784,662		1,039,073	
Pensions	263,765		156,809	
Other direct costs	860,712	95 402 509	3,093,767	(2.242.504
		85,403,598		62,242,504
GROSS PROFIT		15,934,987		13,351,865
Other income				
Deposit account interest	726		2,474	
Other interest received	192,500		_,····	
		193,226		2,474
		16,128,213		13,354,339
		10,120,213		15,554,557
Expenditure	900000000 0000007 2900			
Directors' salaries	532,292		717,966	
Directors' social security	72,236		97,867	
Directors' pensions paid	7,952		6,224	
Wages Social security	6,357,813 730,189		5,706,394 644,390	
Pensions	110,636		100,287	
Rent & Rates	599,789		442,945	
Insurance	66,225		113,629	
Subscriptions	118,630		75,152	
Telephone	94,925		124,479	
Post and stationery	9,318		3,047	
Travelling	227,375		62,390	
Repairs and renewals	372,638		222,043	
Sundry expenses	1,764		10,056	
Staff welfare expenses	356,639		75,656	
Other professional fees	124,186		601,657	
Staff recruitment	515,054		164,927	
Legal & Professional fees Auditors' remuneration	319,113 23,000		205,391 21,000	
Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	49,700		28,723	
Foreign exchange losses/gains	828,142		297,300	
Advertising & Marketing	711,296		439,309	
Entertainment	60,158		54,963	
Bad debts	(86,660)		155,640	
		12,202,410		10,371,435
		3,925,803		2,982,904
Finance costs		57 514		10 566
Bank charges		57,514		49,566
Carried forward		3,868,289		2,933,338
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#### TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2	021	2020	
Brought forward	£	£ 3,868,289	£	£ 2,933,338
Depreciation Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment	110,784 1,045 2,371		81,947 1,049 3,950	
<del> </del>		114,200		86,946
NET PROFIT		3,754,089	=	2,846,392

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